

**Maximum Ratings / Höchstzulässige Werte**

Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Datasheet values	Unit
			<b>max.</b>	

**Input Rectifier Bridge  
Gleichrichter**

Repetitive peak reverse voltage Periodische Rückw. Spitzensperrspannung		$V_{RRM}$	1600	V
Forward current per diode Dauergrenzstrom	DC current $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ ;	$I_{FAV}$	40	A
Surge forward current Stoßstrom Grenzwert	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{FSM}$	250	A
$I^2t$ -value Grenzlastintegral	$t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I^2t$	310	$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	77	W

**Transistor Inverter  
Transistor Wechselrichter**

Collector-emitter break down voltage Kollektor-Emitter-Sperrspannung		$V_{CE}$	600	V
DC collector current Kollektor-Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ ,	$I_C$	40	A
Repetitive peak collector current Periodischer Kollektorspitzenstrom	$t_p=1\text{ms}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{cpuls}$	80	A
Power dissipation per IGBT Verlustleistung pro IGBT	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	103	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage Gate-Emitter-Spitzenspannung		$V_{GE}$	$\pm 20$	V
SC withstand time Kurzschlußverhalten	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$ $V_{ce}=390\text{V}$	$t_{SC}$	5	us

**Diode Inverter  
Diode Wechselrichter**

DC forward current Dauergleichstrom	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ ,	$I_F$	28	A
Repetitive peak forward current Periodischer Spitzenstrom	$t_p=1\text{ms}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{FRM}$	56	A
Power dissipation per Diode Verlustleistung pro Diode	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{tot}$	40	W

**Thermal properties  
Thermische Eigenschaften**

max. Chip temperature max. Chiptemperatur		$T_{jmax}$	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature Lagertemperatur		$T_{stg}$	-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature Betriebstemperatur		$T_{op}$	-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$

**Insulation properties  
Modulisolation**

Insulation voltage Isolationsspannung	$t=1\text{min}$	$V_{is}$	4000	Vdc
Creepage distance Kriechstrecke			min 12,7	mm
Clearance Luftstrecke			min 12,7	mm

fastPIM 1H, 600V, 30A

Characteristic values										
Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(°C)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VR(V) VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	

**Input Rectifier Bridge  
Gleichrichter**

Forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	$V_F$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C				50		1,29 1,28	1,36	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only) Schleusenspannung	$V_{to}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C				50		0,93 0,81		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only) Ersatzwiderstand	$r_t$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C				50		0,007 0,009		Ohm
Reverse current Sperrstrom	$I_r$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =150°C					1200		0,01 3	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{thJH}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um $\lambda = 0,61 \text{ W/mK}$					0,91		K/W

**Transistor Inverter, inductive load  
Transistor Wechselrichter**

Gate emitter threshold voltage Gate-Schwellenspannung	$V_{GE(th)}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	VCE=VGE				0,00025	4,5	5,2	7	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage Kollektor-Emitter Sättigungsspannung	$V_{CE(sat)}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		15			30	2,14 1,68	2,7		V
Collector-emitter cut-off Kollektor-Emitter Reststrom	$I_{CES}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		0	600				0,25 4		mA
Gate-emitter leakage current Gate-Emitter Reststrom	$I_{GES}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		20	0				300		nA
Turn-on delay time Einschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(on)}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			33		ns
Rise time Anstiegszeit	$t_r$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			11		ns
Turn-off delay time Abschaltverzögerungszeit	$t_{d(off)}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			146		ns
Fall time Fallzeit	$t_f$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			29		ns
Turn-on energy loss per pulse Einschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	$E_{on}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			0,328		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse Abschaltverlustenergie pro Puls	$E_{off}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm Rgoff=1 Ohm	15	300	30			0,459		mWs
Input capacitance Eingangskapazität	$C_{ies}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				4		nF
Output capacitance Ausgangskapazität	$C_{oss}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				0,4		nF
Reverse transfer capacitance Rückwirkungskapazität	$C_{rss}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C	f=1MHz	0	25				0,2		nF
Gate charge Gate Ladung	$Q_{Gate}$	T <sub>J</sub> =25°C T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		15	300	30			225 270		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{thJH}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Warmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um $\lambda = 0,61 \text{ W/mK}$						0,68		K/W

fastPIM 1H, 600V, 30A

**Characteristic values**

Description	Symbol	Conditions					Datasheet values			Unit
		T(°C)	Other conditions (Rgon-Rgoff)	VGE(V) VGS(V)	VR(V) VCE(V) VDS(V)	IC(A) IF(A) Id(A)	Min	Typ	Max	

**Diode Inverter**

**Diode Wechselrichter**

Diode forward voltage Durchlaßspannung	$V_F$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C				30		1,88 1,54	2,35	V
Peak reverse recovery current Rückstromspitze	$I_{RM}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm	15	300	30		52		A
Reverse recovery time Sperrverzögerungszeit	$t_{rr}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm	15	300	30		51		ns
Reverse recovered charge Sperrverzögerungsladung	$Q_{rr}$	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm	15	300	30		1,57		uC
Reverse recovered energy Sperrverzögerungsenergie	Erec	Tj=25°C Tj=125°C	Rgon=6 Ohm	15	300	30		0,321		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip Wärmewiderstand Chip-Kühlkörper pro Chip	$R_{thJH}$		Thermal grease thickness≤50um Wärmeleitpaste Dicke≤50um $\lambda = 0,61 \text{ W/mK}$					1,74		K/W

**NTC-Thermistor**

**NTC-Widerstand**

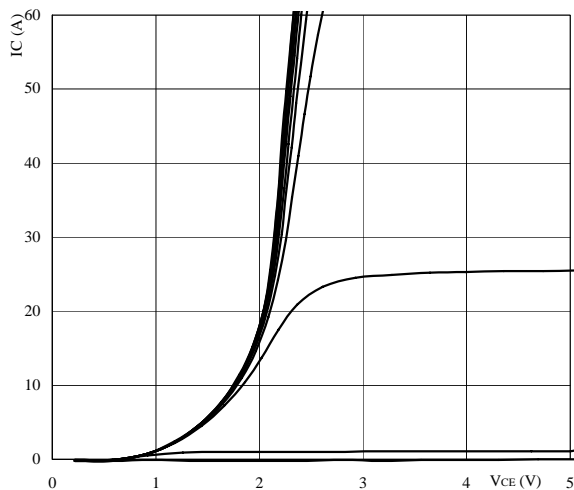
Rated resistance Nennwiderstand	$R_{25}$	Tj=25°C	Tol. ±5%				9,5	10	10,5	kOhm
Deviation of R100 Abweichung von R100	$D_{R/R}$	Tc=100°C	R100=809Ohm					2,8		%/K
Power dissipation given Epcos-Typ Verlustleistung Epcos-Typ angeben	P	Tj=25°C							210	mW
B-value B-Wert	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tj=25°C	Tol. ±3%					3730		K

**Output inverter**

**Figure 1. Typical output characteristics**

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

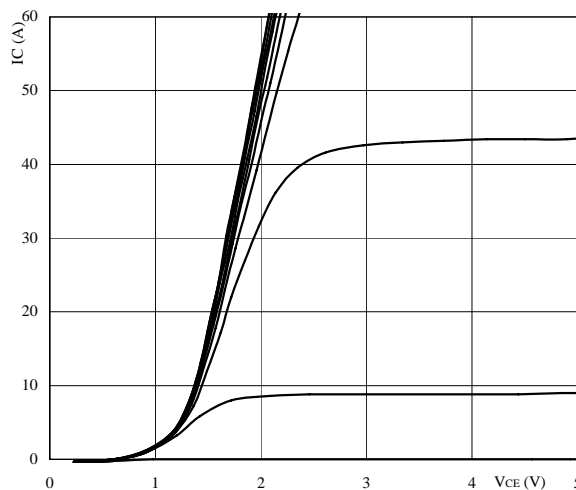


parameter:  $t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 VGE parameter: from: 6 V to 16 V  
 in 1 V steps

**Figure 2. Typical output characteristics**

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

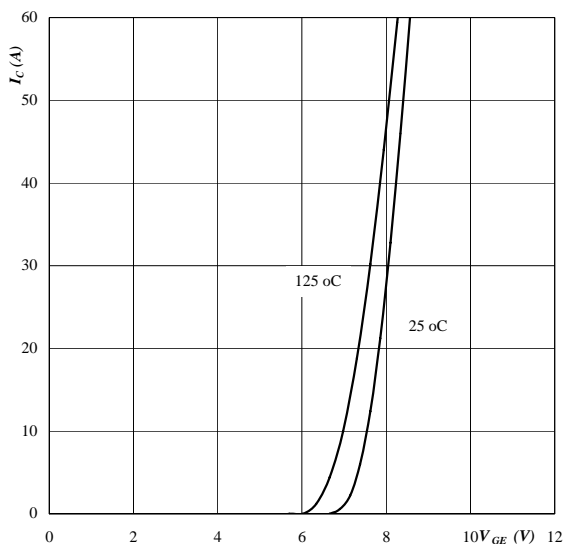


parameter:  $t_p = 250 \mu s$   $T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 VGE parameter: from: 6 V to 16 V  
 in 1 V steps

**Figure 3. Typical transfer characteristics**

Output inverter IGBT

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$

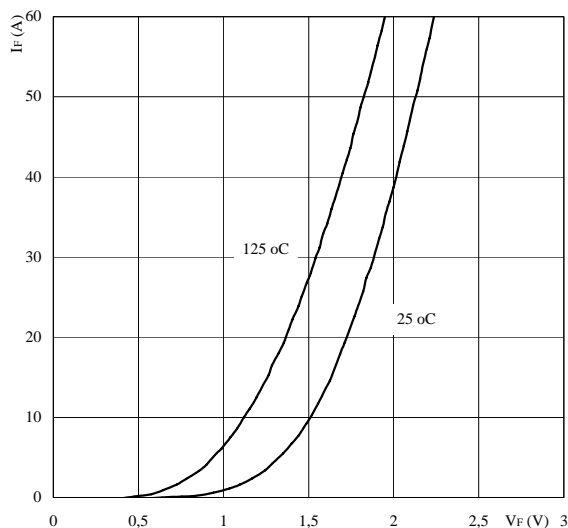


parameter:  $t_p = 250 \mu s$   $V_{CE} = 8 \text{ V}$

**Figure 4. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**

Output inverter FRED

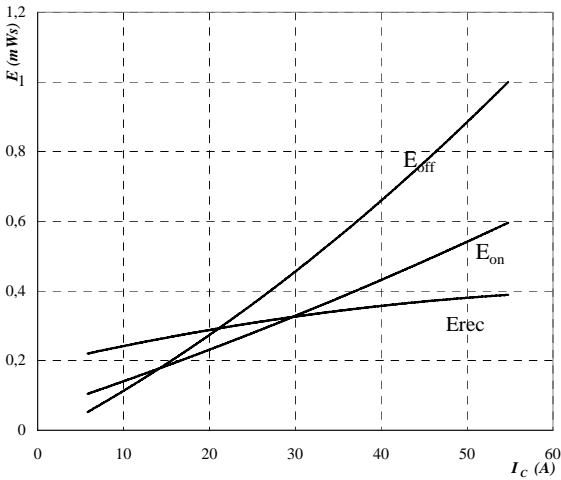
$I_F = f(V_F)$



parameter:  $t_p = 250 \mu s$

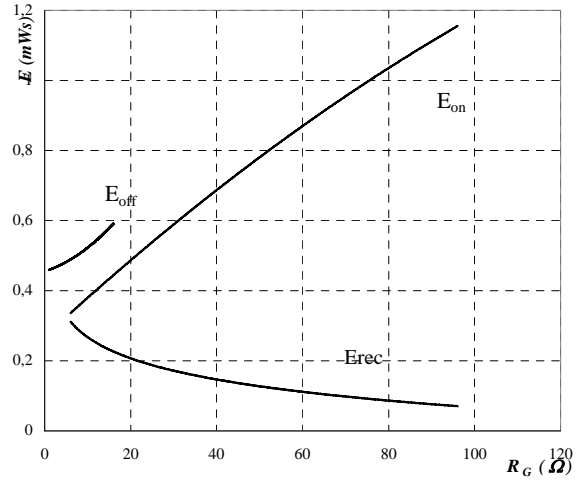
**Output inverter**

**Figure 5. Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**  
Output inverter IGBT  
 $E = f(I_c)$



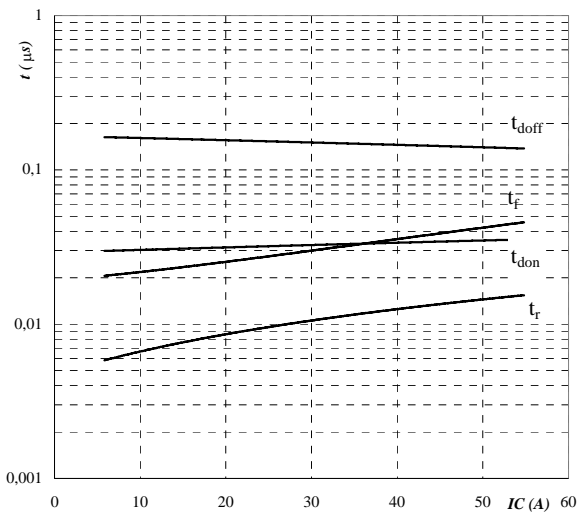
inductive load,  $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$   
 $R_{Gon} = 6 * R_{Goff} = 6\ \Omega$

**Figure 6. Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter IGBT  
 $E = f(R_G)$



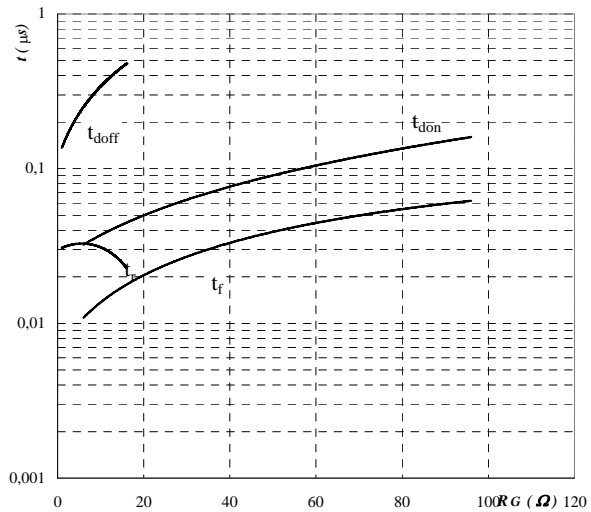
inductive load,  $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 30\text{ A}$

**Figure 7. Typical switching times as a function of collector current**  
Output inverter IGBT  
 $t = f(I_c)$



inductive load,  $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$   
 $R_{Gon} = 6 * R_{Goff} = 6\ \Omega$

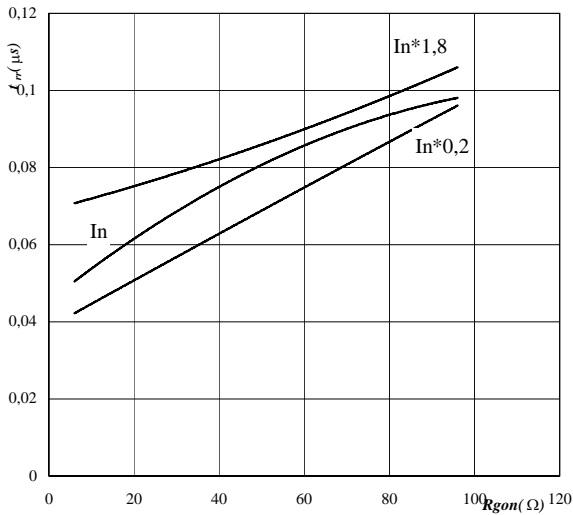
**Figure 8. Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter IGBT  
 $t = f(R_G)$



inductive load,  $T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{CE} = 300\text{ V}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$   
 $I_c = 30\text{ A}$

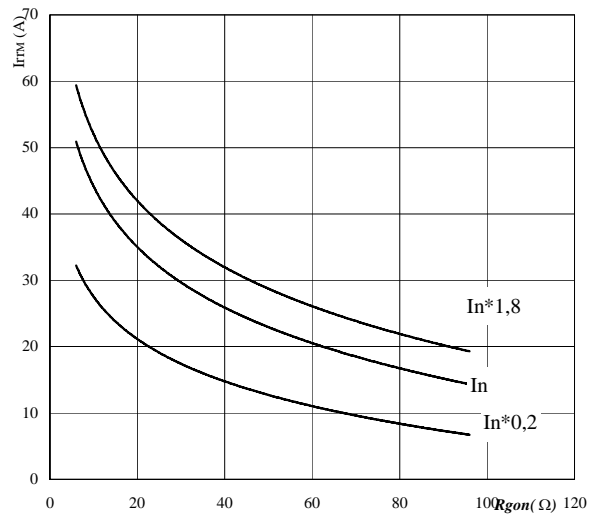
**Output inverter**

**Figure 9. Typical reverse recovery time as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter FRED diode  
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



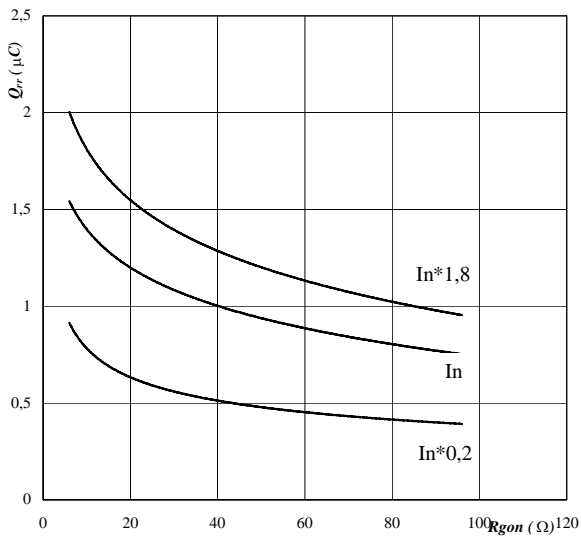
$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$   
 $I_n = 30\text{ A}$

**Figure 10. Typical reverse recovery current as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter FRED diode  
 $I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$



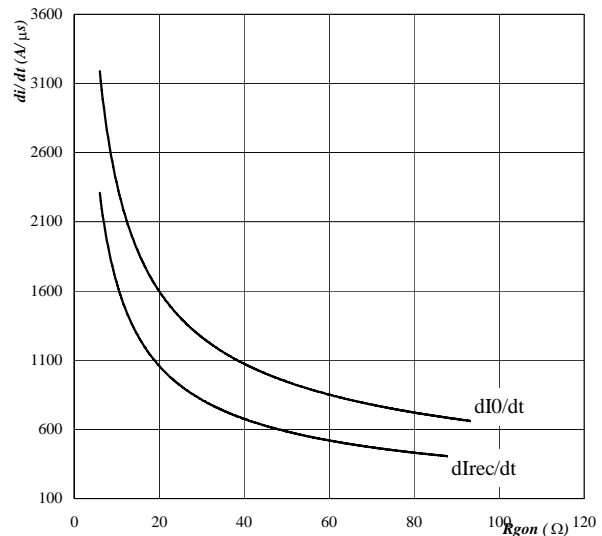
$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$   
 $I_n = 30\text{ A}$

**Figure 11. Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter FRED diode  
 $Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$   
 $I_n = 30\text{ A}$

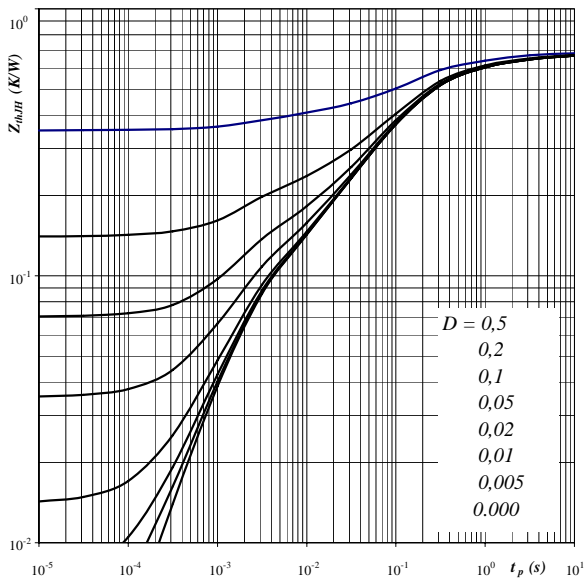
**Figure 12. Typical diode peak rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of gate resistor**  
Output inverter FRED diode  
 $di_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$



$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_R = 300\text{ V}$   
 $I_F = 30\text{ A}$

**Output inverter**

**Figure 13. IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

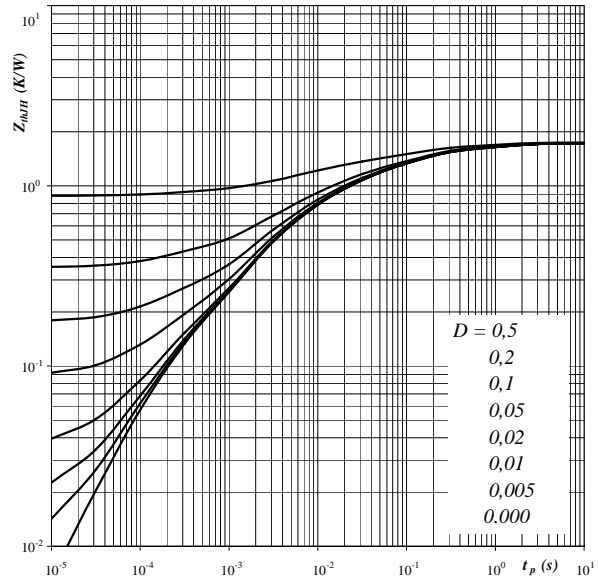


Parameter:  $D = t_p / T$        $R_{thJH} \ 0,68 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,02	1,2E+02
0,05	6,8E+00
0,15	6,5E-01
0,31	1,1E-01

**Figure 14. FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



Parameter:  $D = t_p / T$        $R_{thJH} \ 1,74 \text{ K/W}$

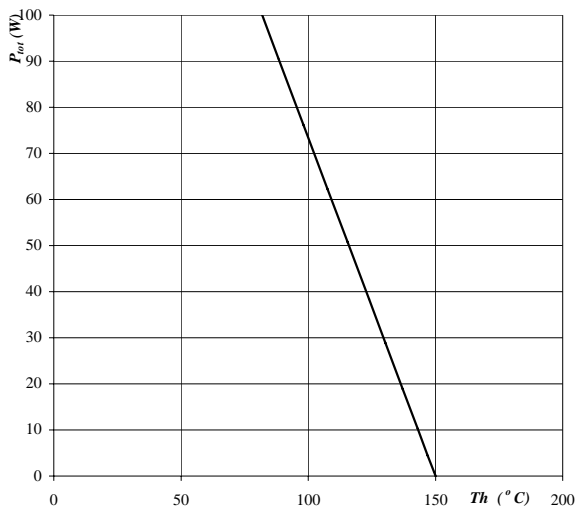
FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,04	5,5E+01
0,18	1,1E+00
0,51	1,2E-01
0,51	1,6E-02

**Output inverter**

**Figure 15. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

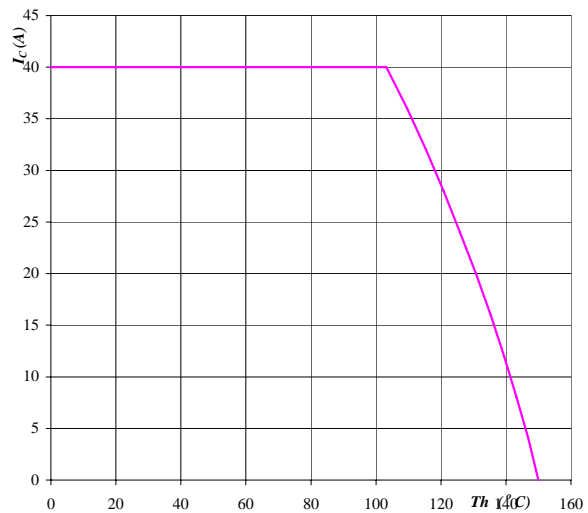
*Output inverter IGBT*  
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 16. Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature**

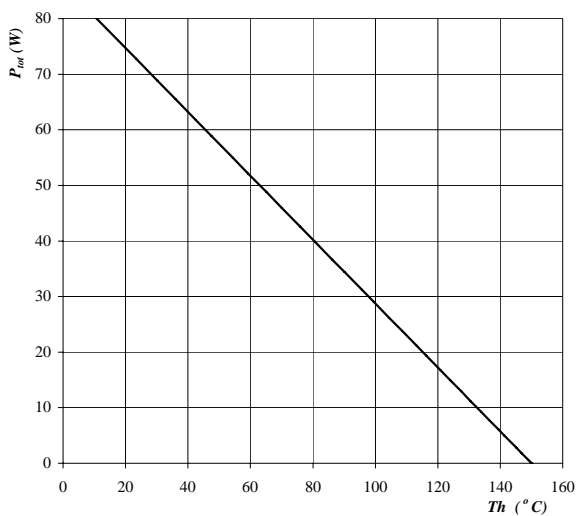
*Output inverter IGBT*  
 $I_c = f(T_h)$



parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$   
 $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

**Figure 17. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**

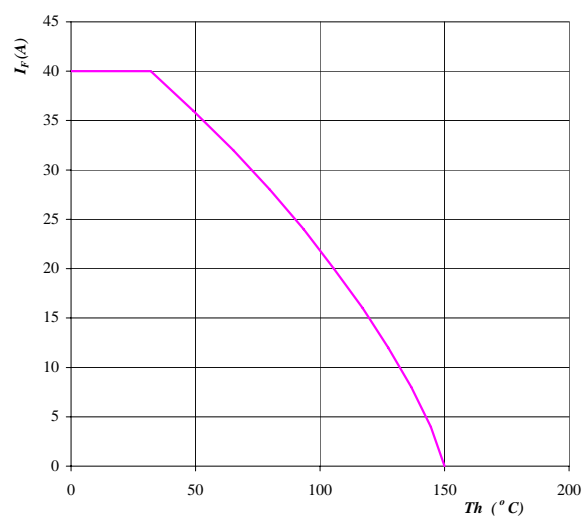
*Output inverter FRED*  
 $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

**Figure 18. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**

*Output inverter FRED*  
 $I_F = f(T_h)$

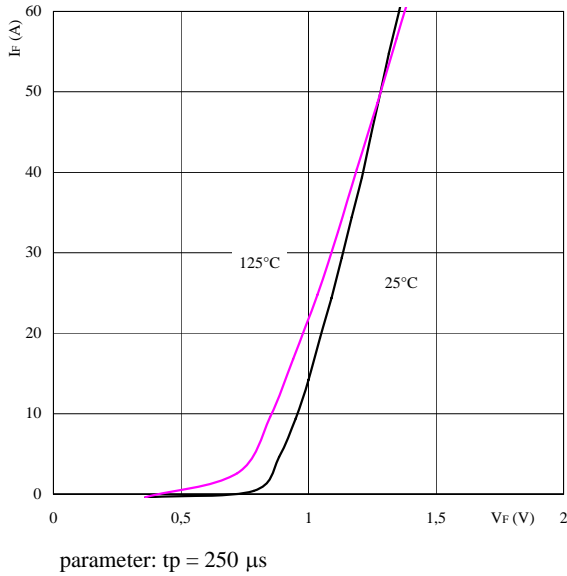


parameter:  $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$

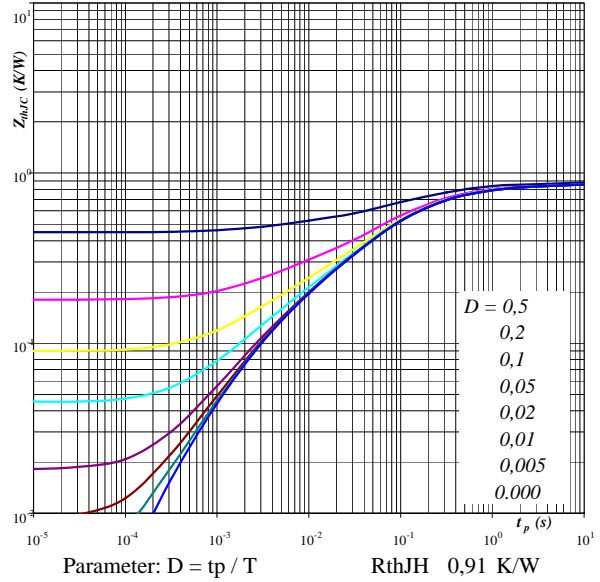


**Input rectifier bridge**

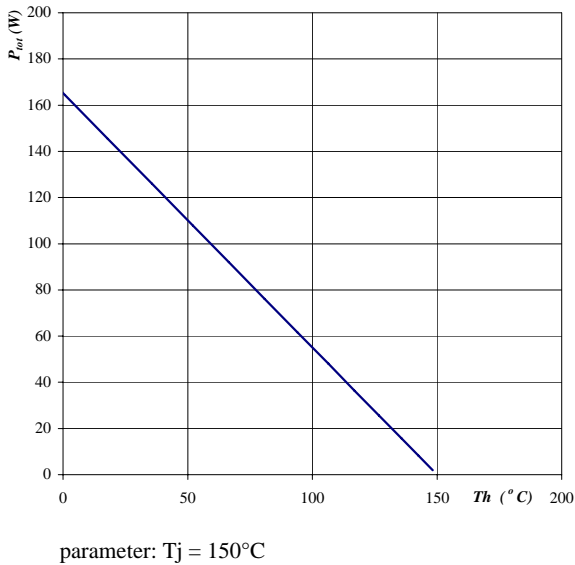
**Figure 19. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage**  
Rectifier diode  $I_F = f(V_F)$



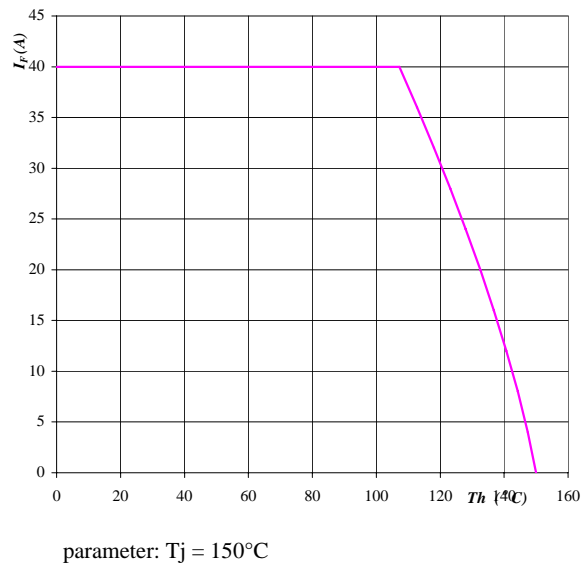
**Figure 20. Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**  
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$



**Figure 21. Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature**  
Rectifier diode  $P_{tot} = f(T_h)$



**Figure 22. Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature**  
Rectifier diode  $I_F = f(T_h)$



## Thermistor

**Figure 23. Typical NTC characteristic  
as a function of temperature**

*NTC*

$$R_T / R_{25} = f(T)$$

